

11/ PRTS

10/552132  
JC09 Rec'd PCT/PTO 05 OCT 2009

PCT/KR2004/001183

RO/KR 04.04.2005

- 1 -

TITLE OF INVENTION

METHOD OF AUTOMATICALLY GENERATING THE  
STRUCTURES FROM MASK LAYOUT

5

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

10

The present invention relates to a  
method for generating a three-dimensional  
structure of a liquid crystal cell, which can be  
employed for designing the LCD panel by  
predicting the dynamics of a liquid crystal  
pixel, and a computer software system utilizing  
the same.

15

20

25

More particularly, the present invention  
relates to a method for estimating a three-  
dimensional structure comprising a plurality of  
material layers between upper and lower  
substrates through computer simulation from the  
a mask layout input data, wherein the three-  
dimensional structure is defined through the  
computer simulation by depositing the material  
layers on the upper and lower substrates acting  
as reference base planes, respectively, and  
sandwiching an intermediate insertion layer  
between the upper and lower substrates with the  
material layers thereon facing each other, in

- 2 -

particular, in the case where at least one of the material layers has a tapered region (which will be referred to as an "tapered material layer"), which is not parallel to the upper and lower substrates and is inclined to the base planes.

A liquid crystal display is a display apparatus generally constructed such that a liquid crystal material is filled in a space between a lower substrate having a thin film transistor, a pixel electrode and the like formed thereon and an upper substrate having an opposite electrode, a color filter, and the like formed thereon.

For the computer simulation of the liquid crystal display, a conventional software system for two-dimensional computer simulation employs a method of defining polygons as cross-sectional shapes of the liquid crystal cell in order to define a three-dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell, and thus it is difficult for the conventional software system to define the three-dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

- 3 -

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to provide a method for producing a three-dimensional structure from a mask layout.

5 It is another object of the present invention to provide a method for defining a three-dimensional structure of a liquid crystal cell constituting a liquid crystal display.

10 It is yet another object of the present invention to provide a system for defining the three dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell constituting the liquid crystal display.

15 In accordance with one aspect of the present invention, the above and other objects can be accomplished by the provision of a method for defining a three-dimensional structure of a liquid crystal cell, comprising the steps of: reading mask layout information for the liquid  
20 crystal cell; inputting a deposition sequence of material layers constituting the liquid crystal cell by use of the mask layout information for the liquid crystal cell; and defining the three-dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell  
25 by use of the mask layout information in which a mask layout consists of polygons.

In accordance with another aspect of the

- 4 -

present invention, a system for defining a three-dimensional structure of a liquid crystal cell is provided, comprising: a preparation module for mask layout information; an input module for a deposition sequence of material layers constituting the liquid crystal cell; a change module for polygons constituting the mask layout; and a creation module for a three-dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Further features of the present invention will become apparent from a description of a method for defining a three-dimensional structure of a liquid crystal cell, which can be applied to manufacturing a computer simulation analyzer for predicting dynamic kinetics of a liquid crystal display, and a computer software system utilizing the same taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings of the preferred embodiment of the invention, which, however, should not be taken to be limitative to the invention and are for explanation and understanding only.

In the drawing:

FIG.1 is a flow diagram illustrating a

- 5 -

method for defining a three-dimensional structure of a liquid crystal cell in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

5           FIG.2 is a flow diagram illustrating a preferred embodiment of a process for inputting a deposition sequence of material layers constituting the liquid crystal cell by use of mask layout information for the liquid crystal  
10       cell in the method of the invention.

          FIGS. 3 to 7 show sequential steps of the method for defining the three-dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell in accordance with the embodiment of the invention.

15           FIG.8 is a constitutional view of a system for defining a three-dimensional structure of a liquid crystal cell in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention.

          FIG. 9 is a view illustrating a  
20       preferred embodiment of a preparation module for mask layout information.

          FIG. 10 is a view illustrating a preferred embodiment of an input module for a deposition sequence of material layers  
25       constituting the liquid crystal cell, which is exhibited when selecting a button for defining the three-dimensional structure.

- 6 -

FIG. 11 is a view illustrating a preferred embodiment of an input module for the information of material layers, which is exhibited when selecting a button for adding a new material layer.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT  
OF THE INVENTION

Embodiments of the present invention will now be described in detail with reference to FIGS. 1 and 7.

FIG.1 is a flow diagram illustrating a method for defining a three-dimensional structure of a liquid crystal cell according to the invention. Referring to FIG. 1, the method comprises the steps of reading mask layout information for the liquid crystal cell in which a mask layout consists of polygons (S110); inputting a deposition sequence of material layers constituting the liquid crystal cell by use of the mask layout information for the liquid crystal cell (S120); and defining the three-dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell by use of the mask layout information (S130).

According to the preferred embodiment of

- 7 -

the invention, the mask layout information for the liquid crystal cell structure is provided in the form of an electronic file produced by a mask layout producing system.

5           FIG.2 is a flow diagram illustrating a preferred embodiment of a process for inputting a deposition sequence of material layers constituting the liquid crystal cell by use of the mask layout information for the liquid  
10       crystal cell structure in the method of the invention. Referring to FIG. 2, the process comprises the steps of defining characteristics of a liquid crystal layer (S210); defining the deposition sequence of the material layers  
15       respectively formed on upper and lower substrate with the liquid crystal layer provided as a center layer between the upper and lower substrates (S220); and storing information of the material layers deposited in the liquid  
20       crystal cell (S230).

          According to the preferred embodiment of the invention, the characteristics of the liquid crystal layer may be determined by a method of defining a kind of liquid crystal material and a  
25       thickness of the liquid crystal layer with regard to the basically produced liquid crystal layer.

- 8 -

According to the preferred embodiment of the invention, the step of defining the deposition sequence of the material layers on the upper and lower substrates with the liquid crystal layer provided as the center layer  
5 between the upper and lower substrate may be realized by a process of sequentially defining the material layers constituting the upper and lower substrates from the lower substrate to the upper substrate in the vertical direction with  
10 the liquid crystal layer basically produced as the center layer between the upper and lower substrates, and alternatively, by a process of defining a new material layer, which is inserted  
15 between the previously defined material layers. The new material layer may be defined using a name of the material layer, a kind of the material, a thickness of the material layer, a name of the mask, a kind of positive or negative  
20 mask, an angle of side surface, and a kind of the substrate.

According to the preferred embodiment of the invention, the information of the deposited material layer in the liquid crystal cell may be  
25 directly stored in a memory of a computer. Alternatively, the information of the deposited material layer may be provided as an electronic



- 9 -

file in a storing media, such as a hard disk drive, for the computer.

FIGS. 3 to 6 show a preferred embodiment of a method for defining the three-dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell of the invention. Referring to FIG. 3, as the preferred embodiment of the mask layout information for defining the three-dimensional structure, the information of the mask layout consisting of a region 300 for defining the three-dimensional structure, a first mask 310 and a second mask 320 is shown.

Referring to FIG. 4, the first mask 310 is a mask to which a taper angle is not designated, and the second mask 320 is a mask to which the taper angle is designated. With the second mask 320 to which the taper angle is designated, a divided polygon 321 is formed by dividing an internal area of a polygon of a mask layout object along edges overlapped by the polygon of the mask layout object and a polygon of another mask. FIG. 5 shows the three-dimensional structure of the mask of FIG. 4.

Referring to FIG. 6, a first material layer 350 having a predetermined thickness is formed by use of the region 300 for defining the three-dimensional structure, a second material

- 10 -

layer 360 having a predetermined thickness is formed on the first material layer 350 by use of the first mask 310, and a third material layer 370 is formed on the three-dimensional structure consisting of the first material layer 350 and the second material layer 360 by use of the second mask 320 having the divided polygon 321.

According to the preferred embodiment of the invention, a thickness of each material layer may be designated by a user. According to the preferred embodiment, the second material layer 360 may be formed by expanding the structure of the first mask 310 upward by a thickness designated by the user from an upper surface of the first material layer 310.

According to the preferred embodiment of the invention, in order to form the third material layer 370, the structure of the second mask 320 is initially formed as a lower surface of the third material layer 370 on an exposed upper surface of the three-dimensional structure consisting of the first and second material layers 350 and 360, an upper surface of the third material layer 370 is produced by expanding the structure of the divided polygon 321 upward by a thickness designated by the user from the lower surface of the third material

- 11 -

layer 370, and side surfaces of the third material layer 370 are then formed by connecting apexes of the lower surface of the third material layer 370 to corresponding apexes of the upper surface of the third material layer 370.

Referring to FIG. 7, in addition to the three-dimensional structure of the lower substrate consisting of the first, second and third material layers 350, 360 and 370, a fourth material layer 380 constituting the upper substrate is formed at a position displaced a thickness of the liquid crystal material designated by the user from the lowest point of the upper surface of the lower substrate in the vertical direction, and a fifth material layer 390 is formed between the lower surface of the upper substrate and the upper surface of the lower substrate. According to the preferred embodiment of the invention, the fifth material 390 filling a space between the lower substrate and the upper substrate is defined as the liquid crystal material.

FIG. 8 is a constructional view of a system for defining the three-dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell of the liquid crystal display according to the

- 12 -

invention. Referring to FIG. 8, the system 400 for defining the three-dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell comprises a preparation module 410 for mask layout information, an input module 420 for information of a deposition sequence of material layers constituting the liquid crystal cell, a creation module 430 for the three dimensional structure of the liquid crystal cell, a definition file 440 for the mask layout, and an information file 450 for the deposition sequence of material layers in the liquid crystal cell.

FIG. 9 is a view of a preferred embodiment of the preparation module 410 for the mask layout information. Referring to FIG. 9, the preparation module 410 comprises a simulation region setting button 501, a three-dimensional structure defining button 502, a mask layout preparation portion 510, and a mask management portion 520. The mask management portion 520 has a function for selecting a mask 521 from a mask list while exhibiting the mask list included in the definition file 440 for the mask layout, and the simulation region setting button 501 has a function for drawing a mask object 511 on the mask selected from the mask list 520. The simulation region setting button

- 13 -

501 has a function for setting the simulation region 530 in the mask layout producing portion 510. The mask management portion 520 has a function for allowing the input module 420 for the information of deposition sequence of material layers constituting the liquid crystal cell to be executed.

FIG. 10 is a view illustrating a preferred embodiment of the input module 420 for the information of the deposition sequence of material layers constituting the liquid crystal cell, which is exhibited when selecting the three-dimensional structure defining button 502. Referring to FIG. 10, the input module 420 for the information of deposition sequence of material layers constituting the liquid crystal cell comprises an information viewer 610 for the deposition sequence of the material layers, an insert button 620 for adding a new material layer, a delete button 630 for deleting the new material layer selected from the information viewer 610 for material layers, an execution button 640 for generating the three-dimensional structure, an opening button 650 for reading the information of material layers, and a save button 660 for saving the information of material layers.

- 14 -

FIG. 11 is a view illustrating a preferred embodiment of an input module 700 for the information of material layers, which is exhibited when selecting the insert button 620 for adding the new material layer. Referring to FIG. 11, the input module 700 for the information of material layers comprises a material selecting portion 710, an input portion 720 for a thickness of the material layer, a mask selecting portion 730, a mask characteristic setting portion 740, an upward-insert button 750 for adding a new material layer above the selected material layer, a downward-insert button 760 for adding a new material layer under the selected material layer, and a close button 770 for closing the input module 700 for the information of material layers.

The mask characteristic setting portion 740 comprises a mask selecting portion 741 between a positive mask and a negative mask, a taper angle input portion 742 for inputting a taper angle at edges of the material layer when depositing the material layers using the mask, and a selection portion 743 for selecting whether a side surface of the material layer using the mask is formed with a sharp taper

- 15 -

angle or a smooth taper angle.

As apparent from the above description,  
the invention provides the system for defining  
the three-dimensional structure of the liquid  
crystal cell of the liquid crystal display,  
which comprises the preparation module for the  
mask layout information, the input module for  
the deposition sequence of material layers in  
the liquid crystal cell, and the definition  
module for defining the three-dimensional  
structure of the liquid crystal cell, and the  
method for defining the three-dimensional  
structure of the liquid crystal cell, which  
comprises the step of inputting the deposition  
sequence of material layers of the liquid  
crystal cell using the mask layout information  
for the liquid crystal cell and the step for  
defining the three-dimensional structure of the  
liquid crystal cell using the information of the  
mask layout consisting of the polygons, thereby  
constituting the structure definition system for  
executing computer simulation for the liquid  
crystal cell of the liquid crystal display.

Although the invention has been  
illustrated and described with respect to  
exemplary embodiments thereof, it should be  
understood by those skilled in the art that

- 16 -

various other changes, omissions and additions  
may be made therein and thereto, without  
departing from the spirit and scope of the  
present invention.

5                   Therefore, the present invention should  
not be understood as limited to the specific  
embodiment set forth above but to include all  
possible embodiments within a scope encompassed  
and equivalents thereof with respect to the  
10                   features set forth in the appended claims.